



HURRICANE IAN 

EXPERTS TRY TO HOLD BACK FLOODS DURING HISTORIC RAINS



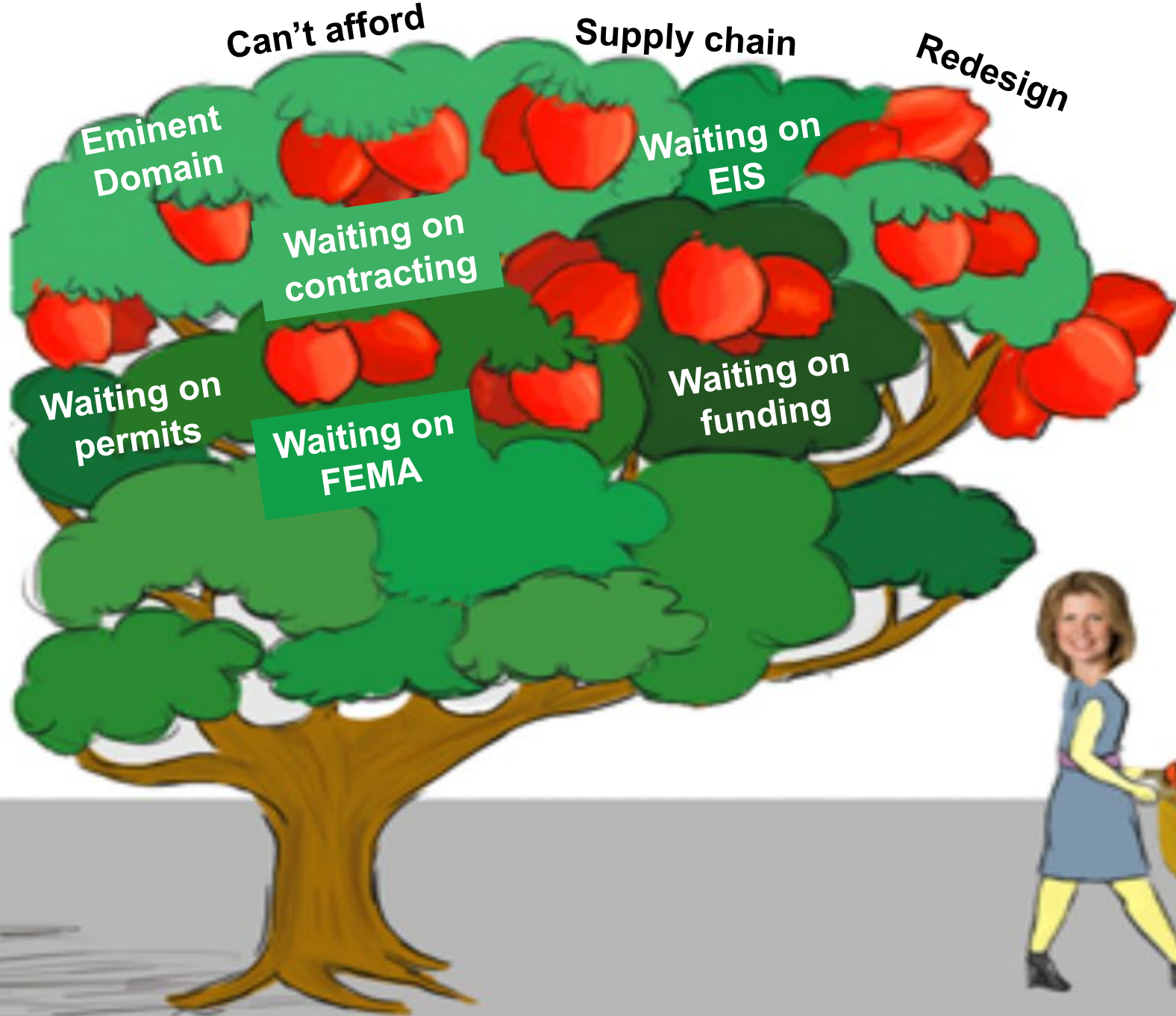
NOVEMBER 17, 2022

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If Orlando Flooded After Ian, Are Other Cities Safe?

By Trevor Fraser

Mid-state lakes and retention ponds couldn't handle Hurricane Ian's deluge, leading other Fla. leaders to wonder how vulnerable their city is to a changing climate.





Smart Stormwater Ponds

today's
Meeting ~~tomorrow's~~ stormwater challenges today.

(Rethinking Stormwater)

Jeff Littlejohn, P.E.

Addressing Stormwater Challenges



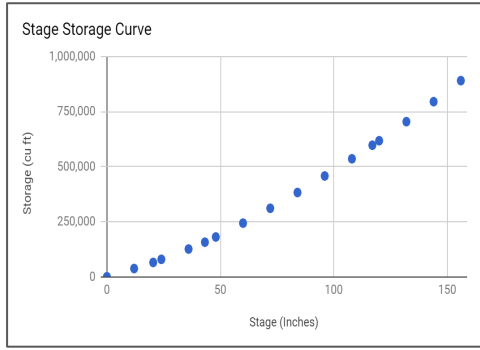
Resilience & Innovation Real-Time Control Systems

Impacts from climate change will have variable effects on the form and frequency of extreme events across the nation. To withstand these effects, stormwater infrastructure should be implemented with a context-sensitive approach, namely a localized understanding of flood risk in combination with an awareness of land-use practices and regulatory expectations. This approach should inform the types, designs, locations, and long-term sustainability of stormwater systems. Resilience for stormwater infrastructure should increasingly reflect a mix of optimized green, gray, and natural infrastructure, land planning and urban growth, updated asset management, and, in water-scarce areas, the productive reuse of stormwater.

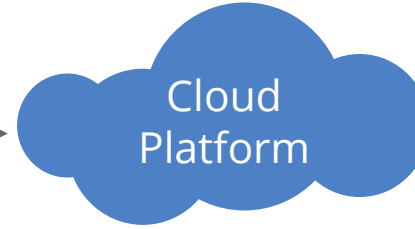
Current innovations include the use of real-time control systems that leverage complex modeling, cloud computing, data storage, and predictive analysis. Large datasets can be used to optimize the capacity of stormwater conveyance, storage and treatment systems, investments in O&M activities, and other costs. The affordability of sensors has also improved, expanding the potential for system implementation of real time data and control.

Finally, some areas employ a regional approach to stormwater management through volume and nutrient trading within watersheds. This can economically incentivize stormwater innovation.

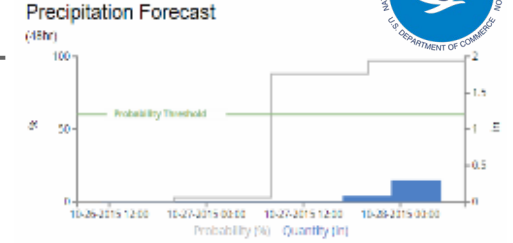
Continuous Monitoring and Adaptive Control (CMAC)



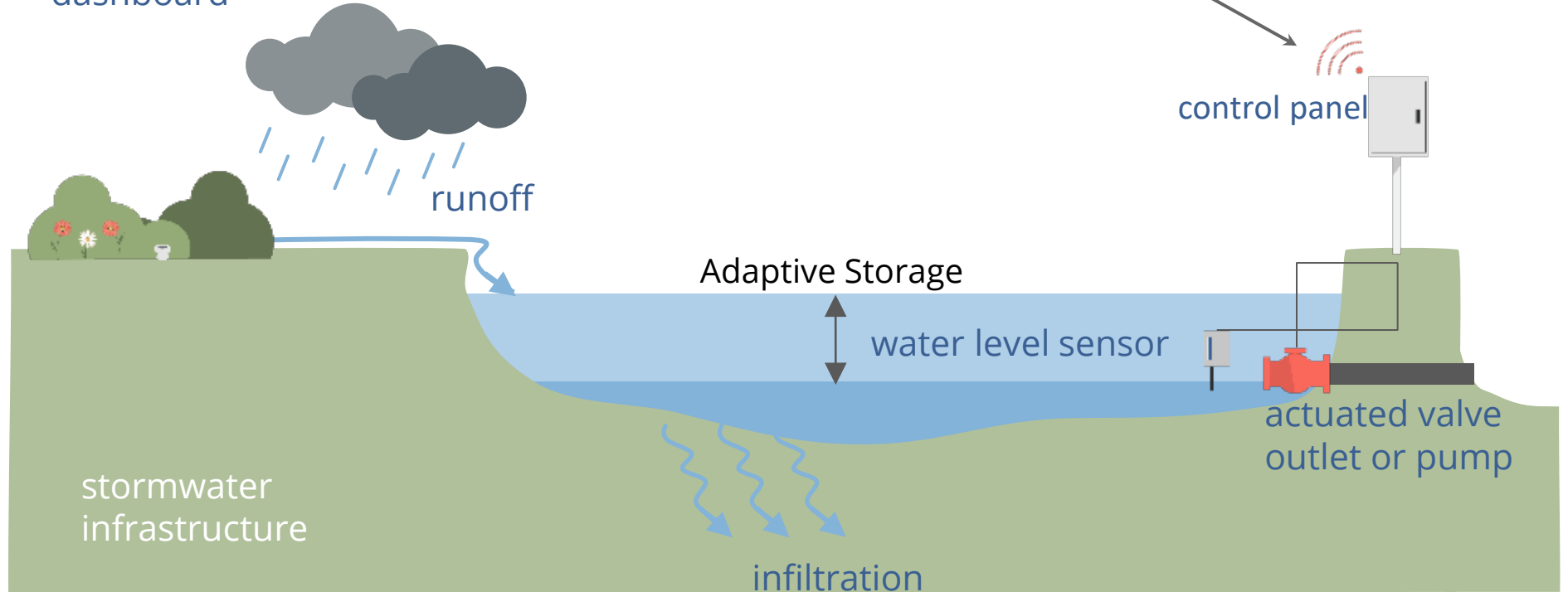
web-based dashboard



Real-Time Inputs → Model → Output



control panel

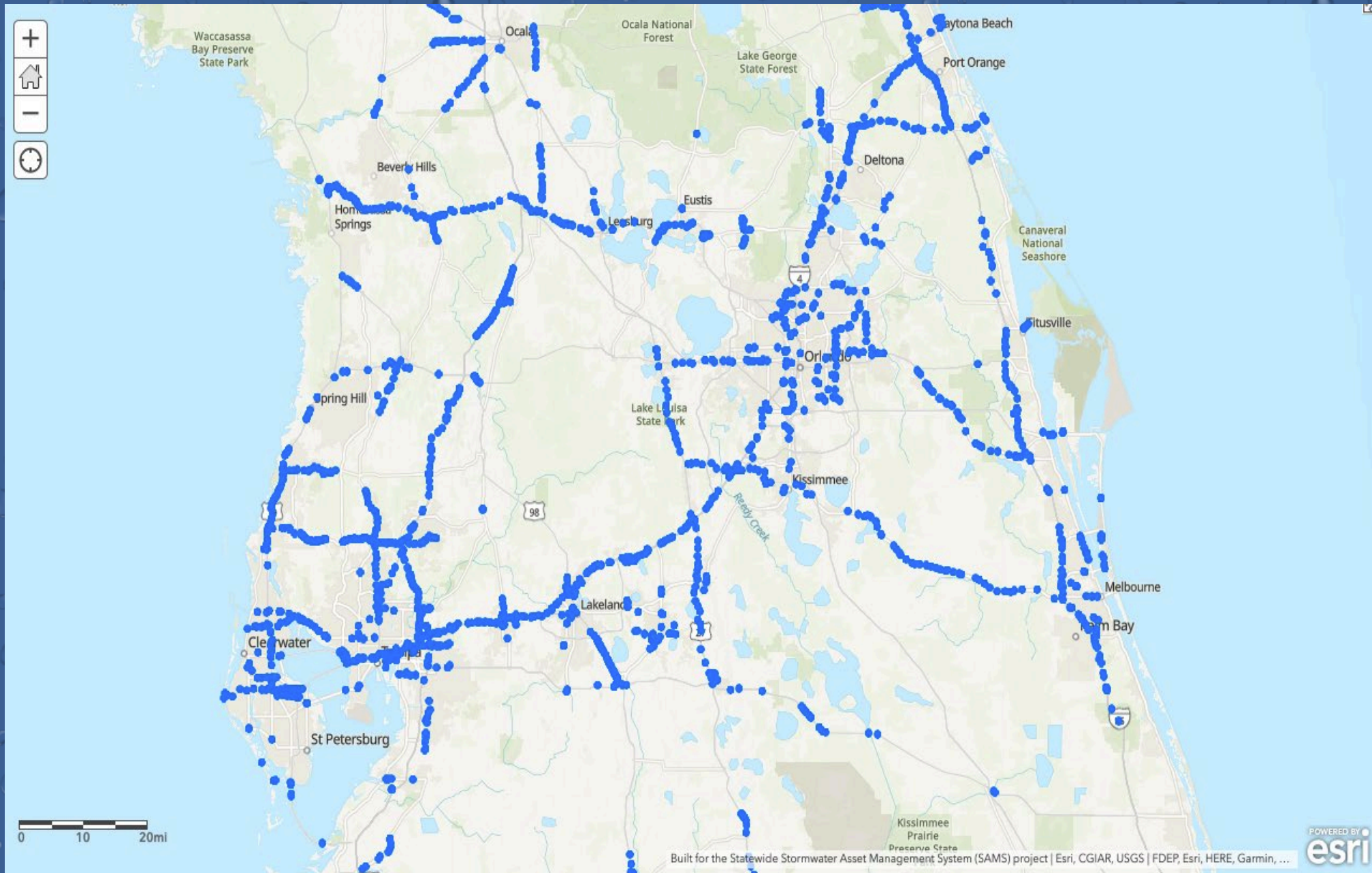


Product Configuration

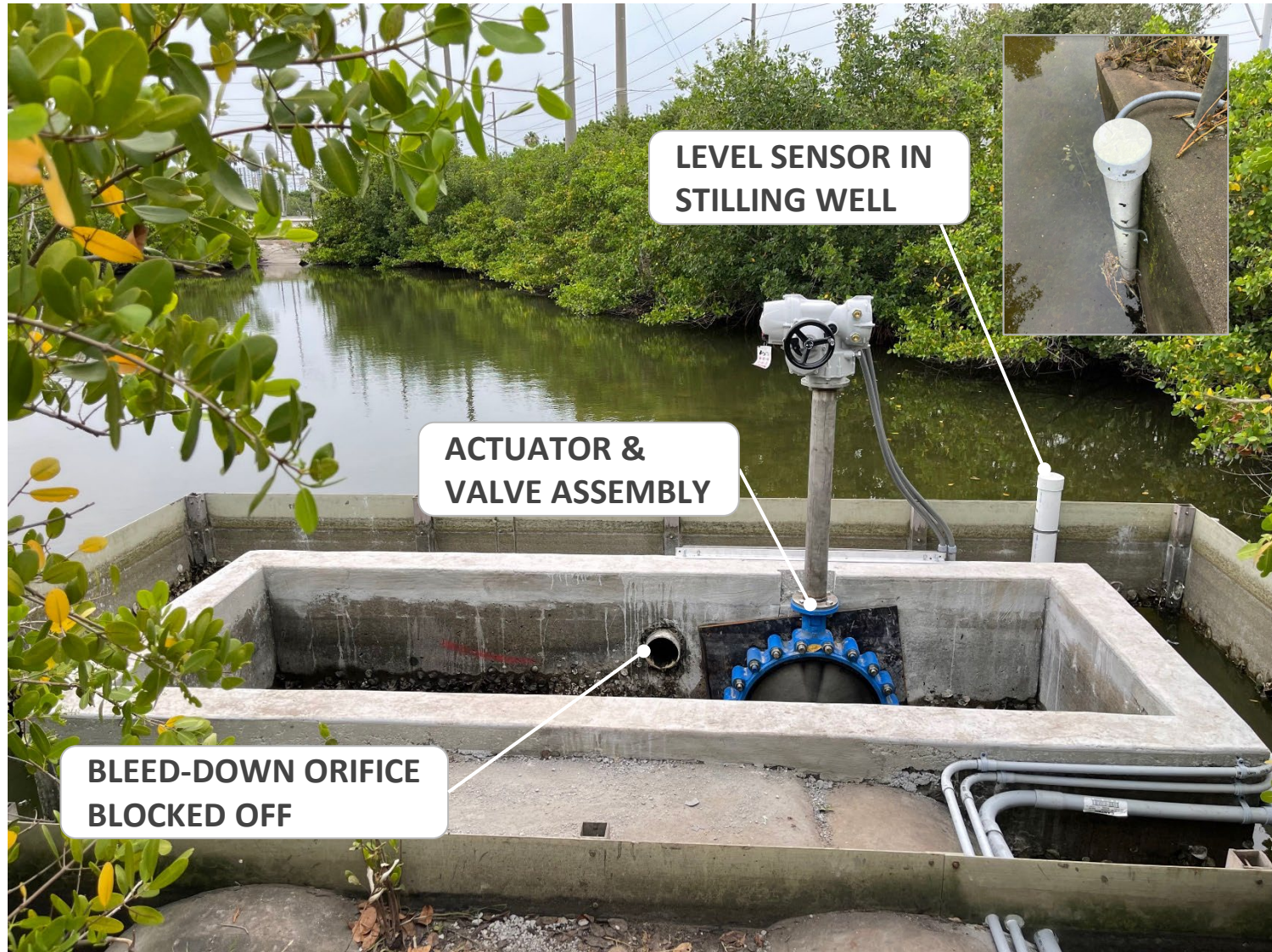
Example Parameters

- Watershed Area
- Impervious Area
- Valve Diameter
- Overflow Invert
- Peak Discharge
- Retention Period
- PoP Threshold

NST/FDOT P3 – 2,617 Regional Facilities



FDOT (SR 45 Pond 1) CMAC Retrofit



Software Setup

Software configured with **over 100 different parameters**

- Site characteristics (watershed area, drainage coefficient, etc.)
- Operational parameters (normal pool elevation, max drawdown rate, etc.)
- Forecast response (probability and quantity thresholds)



Data-Driven Behavior

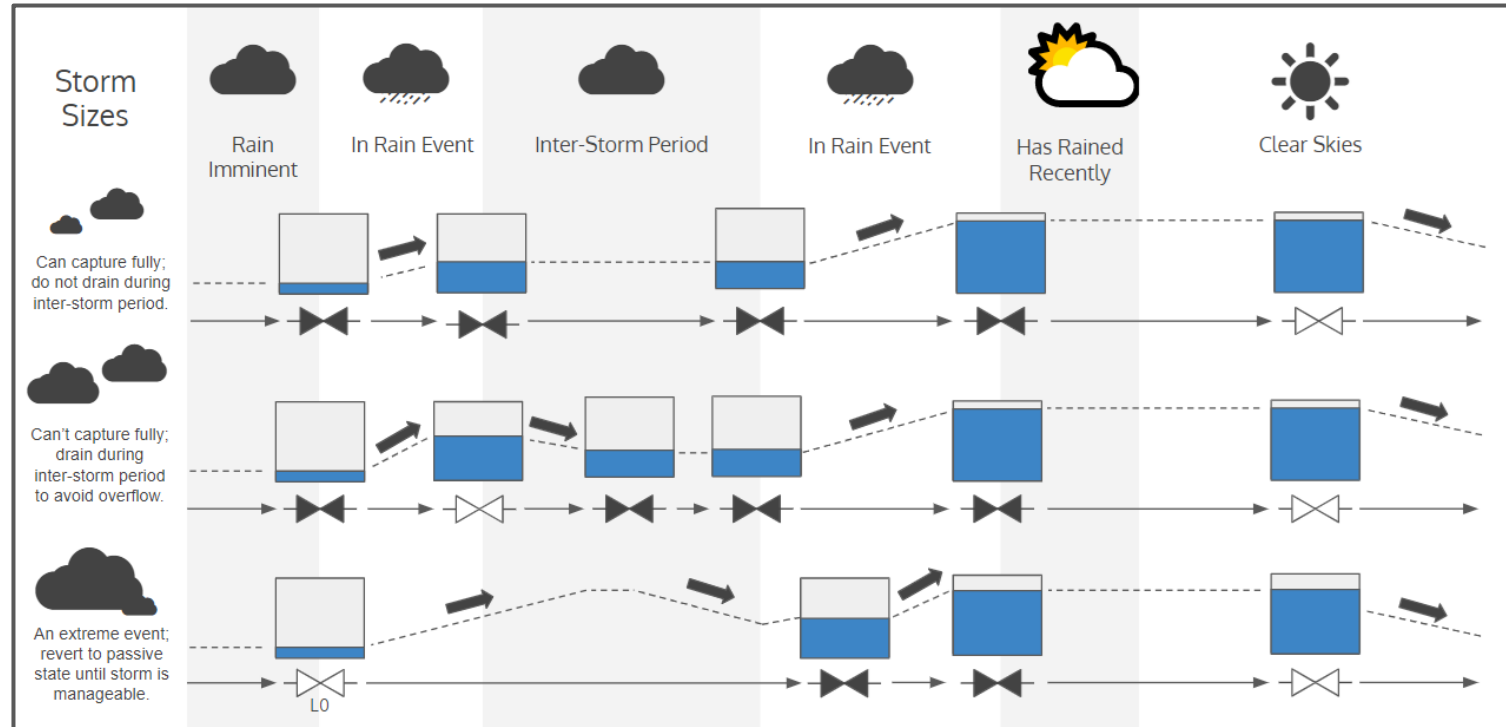


Control Decisions are Continuously Updated

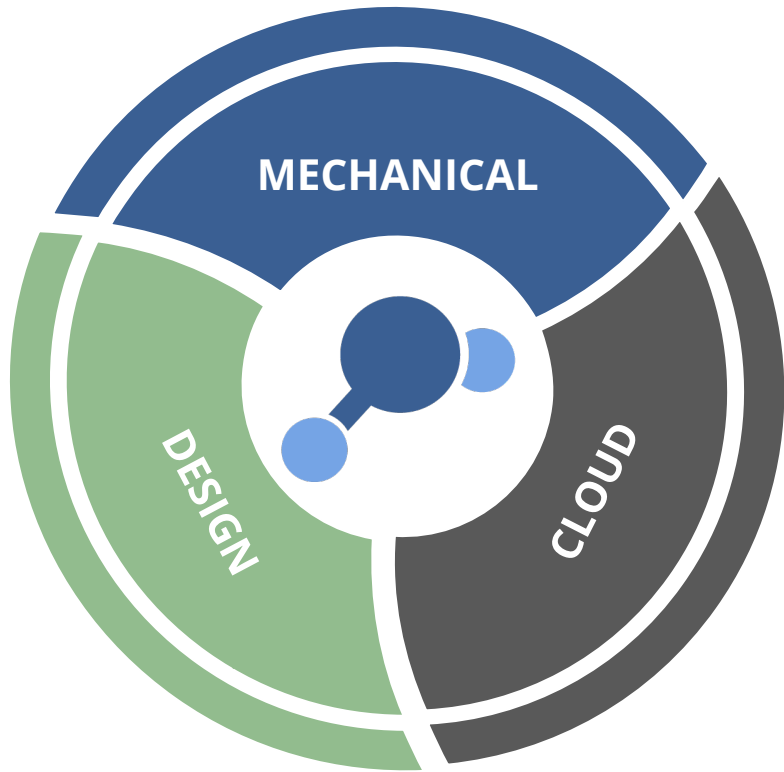
In a 24-hour period, there are...

- 96 weather forecasts
- 4,416 monitored input data points
- **1,440 control decisions**

...for one facility



Designing Redundancy and Security



Cloud-Based:

- Alarms
- Remote Manual Control
- Internationally Certified Data Centers
- Product Release Cycles
- 3rd Party Security Audit

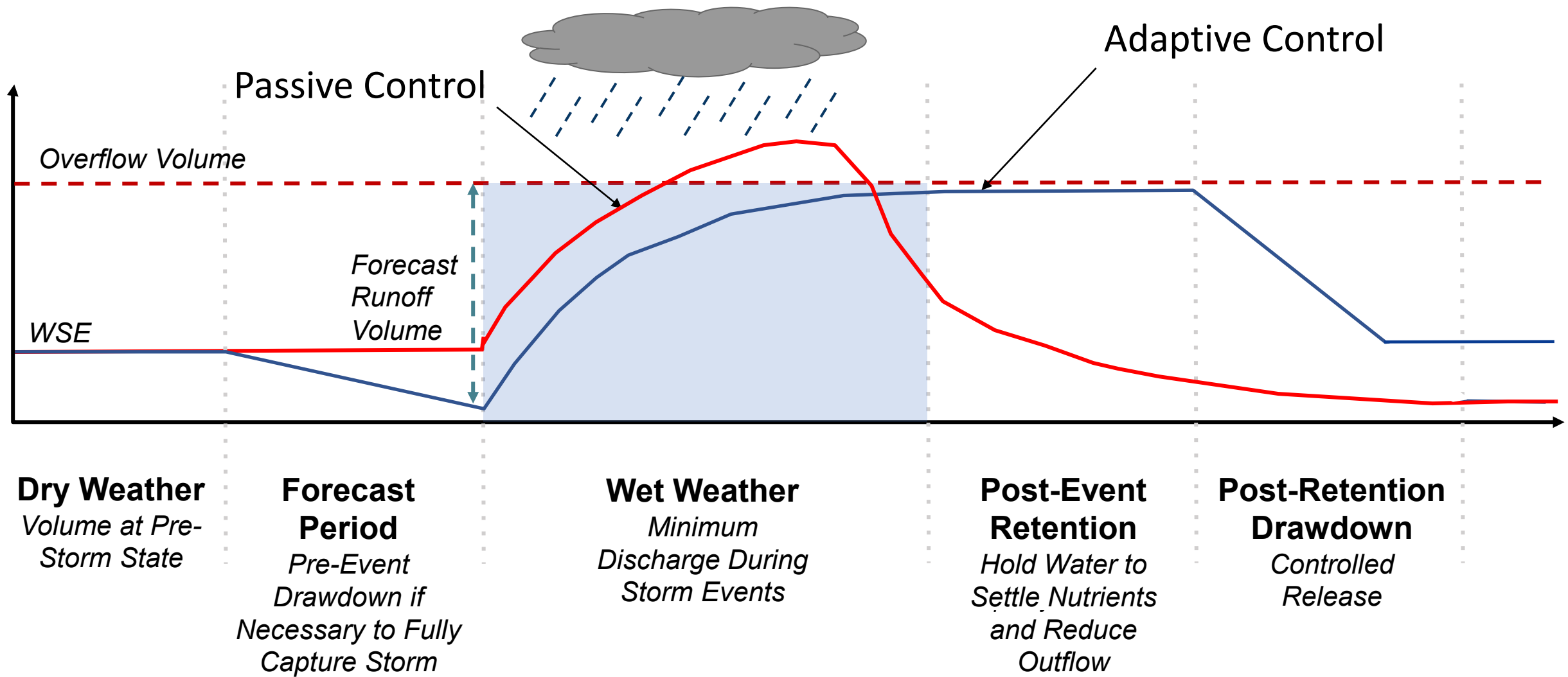
Mechanical:

- Battery Backups
- Local Fail-Safe Logic
- Onsite Manual Control

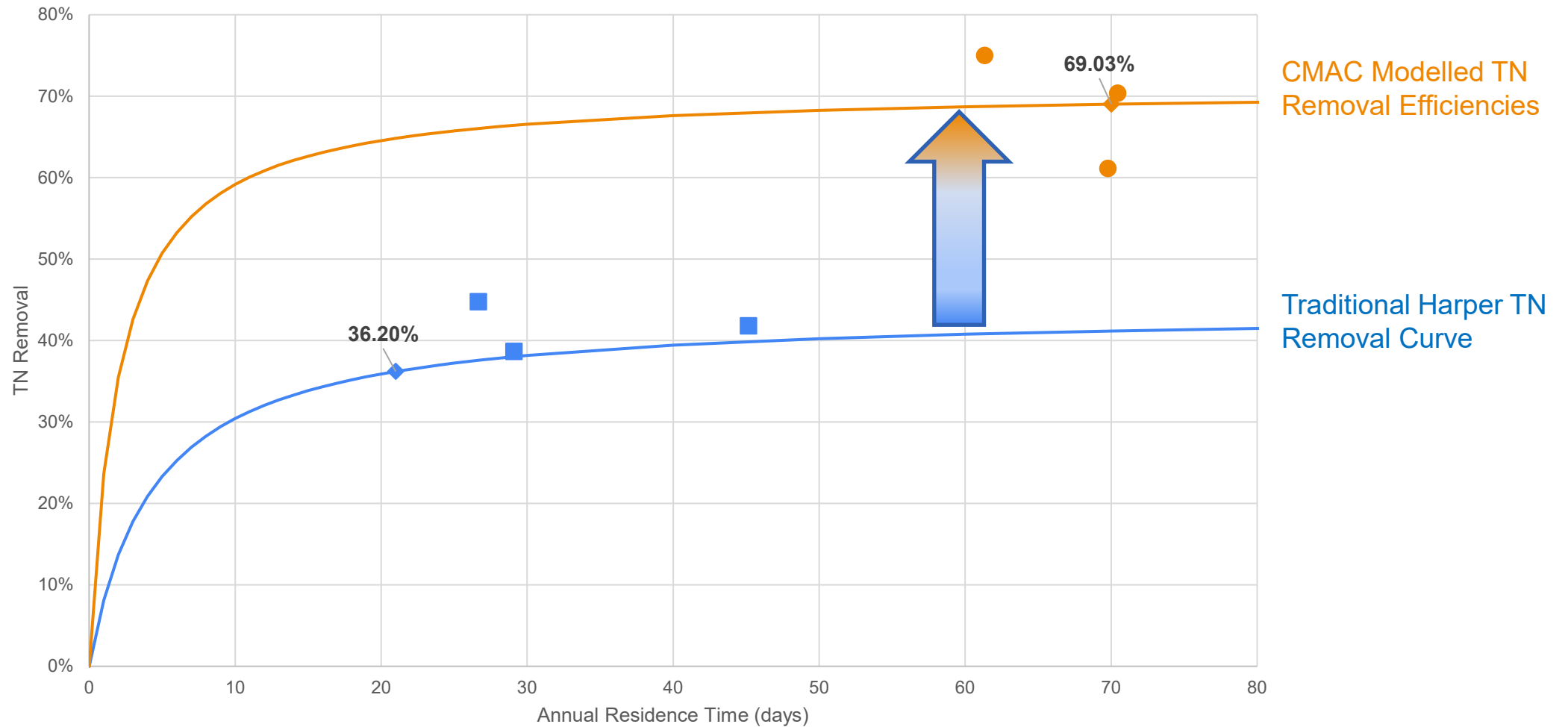
Civil Design:

- Passive Overflow
- Downstream Condition Assessment

Optimized Control



How does CMAC affect TN Removal?

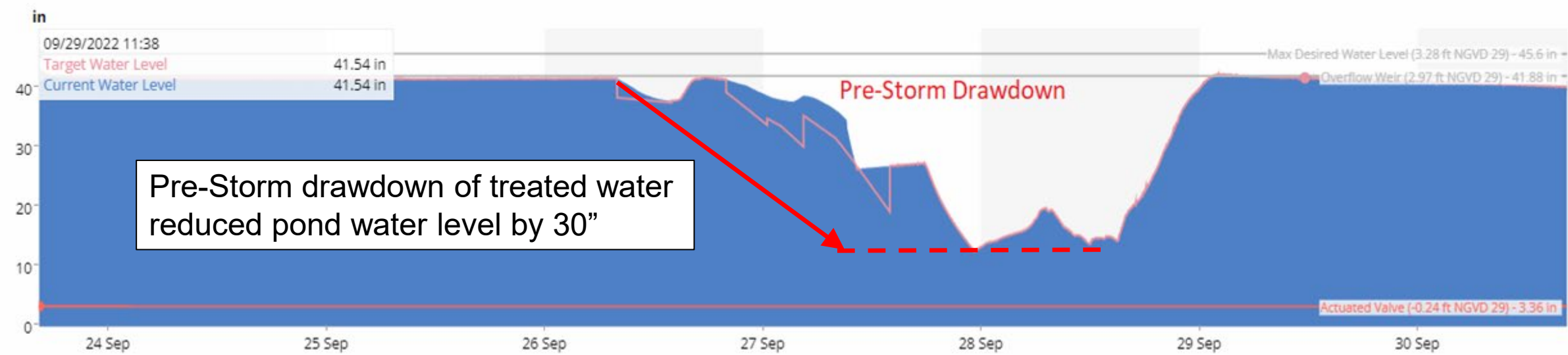


Water Elevation

Relative to Water Level Sensor

12hr | 24hr | 48hr | [1wk](#)

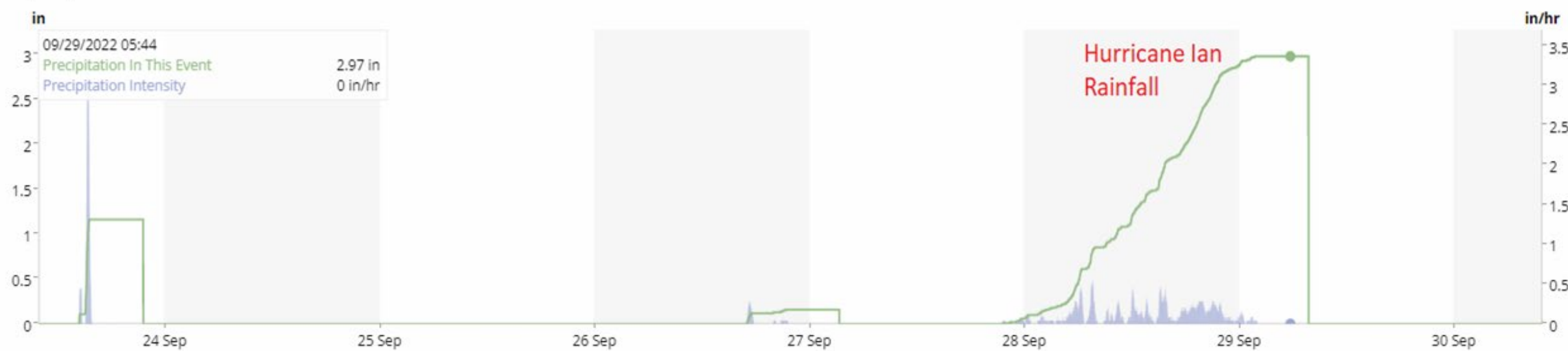
Smart Pond Performance During Hurricane Ian



Event Rainfall

Tipping Bucket Rain Gauge

12hr | 24hr | 48hr | [1wk](#)

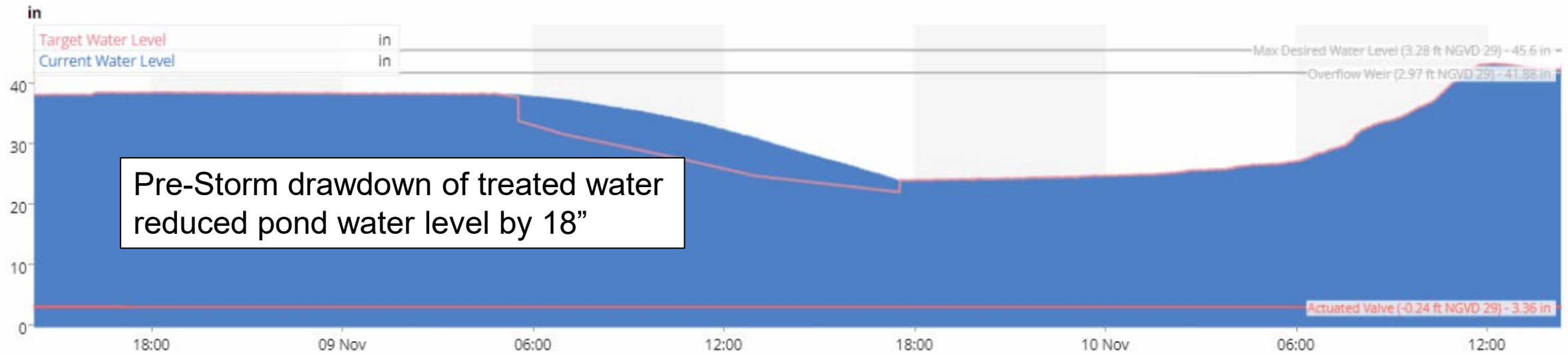


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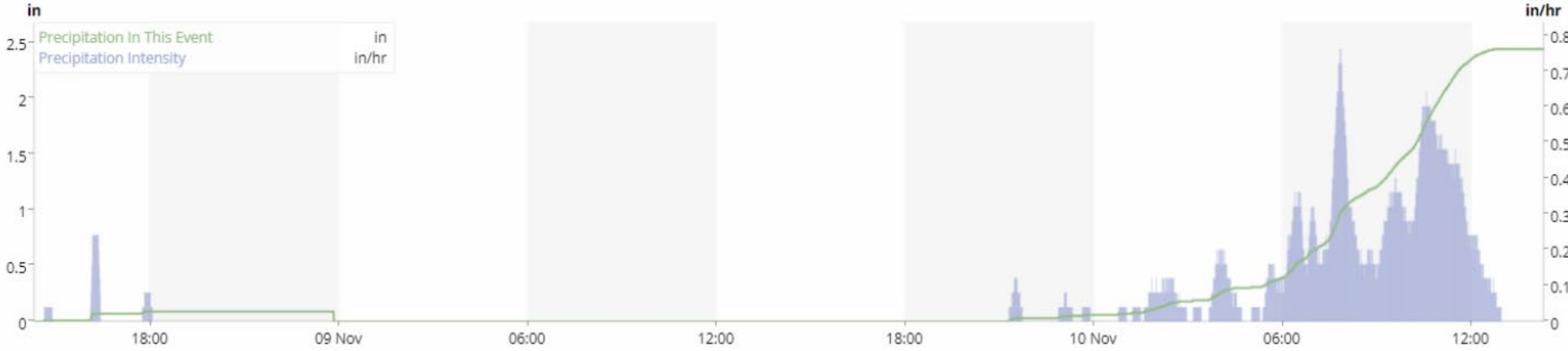
Smart Pond Performance During Hurricane Nicole



Event Rainfall

Tipping Bucket Rain Gauge

12hr | 24hr | 48hr | 1wk



Cost-Saving, Smart Stormwater Solution for Berth 214



The stormwater treatment for the project will be provided in an offsite FDOT "Smart Pond," allowing the Port to utilize 100% of available land for cargo and saving the port over \$1.12 million compared to conventional treatment costs.

BABCOCK RANCH SMART STORMWATER

Enhancing the Babcock Ranch lake system with continuous monitoring and adaptive control (CMAC) technology to prepare for storm events provides **flood mitigation**, leverages real-time **data** to improve community **resilience**, and offers an opportunity for outreach and **education**.





Our Partners are Rethinking Stormwater

- Smart Ponds improve water quality
- Pre-storm drawdowns reduce flood risk
- Quick, effective and affordable improvements
- Future-proof your community

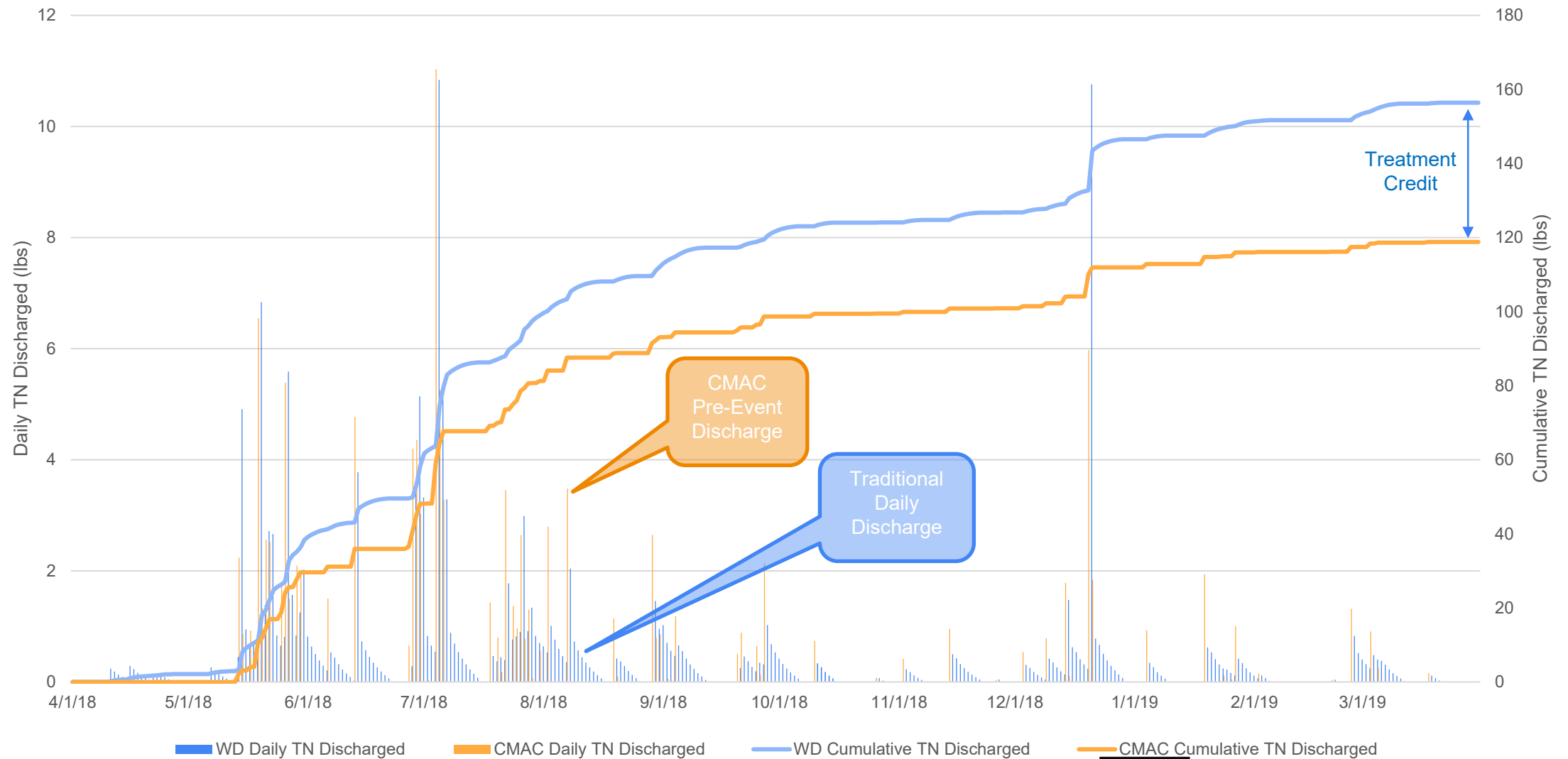
(Meet next generation of SW Rules)



Summary

- Continuous monitoring and adaptive control (CMAC) is one advanced BMP in a portfolio approach to water quality in Florida
- CMAC or “smart ponds” improve nutrient removal, flood mitigation, attenuation, etc. through a highly-configurable approach
- Smart ponds have successfully been permitted to increase treatment efficiency, reduce flooding, and save land

TN Discharged Comparison



Field Equipment

